

Mobile Hydraulic Pumps

T6*M

Denison Vane Technology, fixed displacement

aerospace
climate control
electromechanical
filtration
fluid & gas handling
hydraulics
pneumatics
process control
sealing & shielding



ENGINEERING YOUR SUCCESS.

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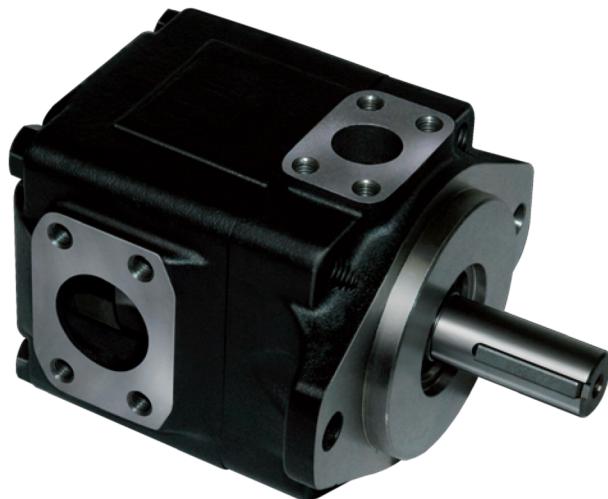
T6DCCM

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**GREATER FLOW**

Greater flow for the envelope size is achieved by increased displacement cam rings at high permissible speeds with atmospheric inlet
 C → 3 to 31 GPM, 10 to 100 ml/rev.
 D → 14 to 50 GPM, 48 to 158 ml/rev.
 E → 42 to 72 GPM, 132 to 227 ml/rev.

HIGHER PRESSURE

Pressure ratings to 275 bar reduce size and cost of actuators, valves and lines, give extended life at reduced pressures.

BETTER EFFICIENCY

Better efficiency under load increases productivity, reduces heating and operating costs.

MOUNTING FLEXIBILITY

Up to 32 positions for double pumps and up to 128 for triple pumps: this reduces mounting costs and improves performance.

LOWER NOISE LEVELS

Increase operator safety and acceptance.

COMPLETE CONFORMITY

To SAE - J744c 2-bolt standards and to ISO 3019-1 (T6EDCS SAE E, T6EDCM ISO 3019/2) in the various keyed and splined shaft options offered.

CARTRIDGE DESIGN

Provides for drop-in assemblies. This allows easy conversion or renewal of serviceable elements in minutes at minimum expense and risk of contamination. The "C" & "D" cartridge pumps are birotational and indicated by "B" description in cartridge model number. Pump rotation is easy to change by changing position of cam ring on port plate dowel pin hole.

**WIDER RANGE OF
ACCEPTABLE VISCOSITIES**

Viscosities from 2000 to 10 cSt permit colder starts and hotter running. The balanced design compensates for wear and temperature changes. At high viscosity or cold temperature, the rotor to side plates gap is well lubricated and improves mechanical efficiency.

FIRE RESISTANT FLUIDS

Including phosphate esters, chlorinated hydrocarbons, water glycols and invert emulsions may be pumped at higher pressures and with longer service life by these pumps.

**GENERAL APPLICATIONS
INSTRUCTIONS**

1. Check speed range, pressure, temperature, fluid quality, viscosity and pump rotation.
2. Check inlet conditions of the pump, if it can accept application requirement.
3. Type of shaft : if it would support operating torque.
4. Coupling must be chosen to minimize pump shaft load (weight, misalignment).
5. Filtration : must be adequate for lowest contamination level.
6. Environment of pump : to avoid noise reflection, pollution and shocks.

Size	Series	Theoretical Displacement Vi ml/rev.	Minimum Speed RPM	Maximum Speed		Maximum Pressure					
				HF-0, HF-1 HF-2	HF-3, HF-4 HF-5	HF-0, HF-2		HF-1, HF-4, HF-5		HF-3	
						Int.	Cont.	Int	Cont	Int	Cont
CM CP	B03	10,8	400	2800	1800	275	240	210	175	175	140
	B05	17,2									
	B06	21,3									
	B08	26,4									
	B10	34,1									
	B12	37,1									
	B14	46,0									
	B17	58,3									
	B20	63,8									
	B22	70,3									
	B25	79,3									
DM DP	B28	88,8	400	2500	1800	210	160	210	175	175	140
	B31	100,0									
	B14	47,6									
	B17	58,2									
	B20	66,0									
	B24	79,5									
	B28	89,7									
	B31	98,3									
	B35	111,0									
	B38	120,3									
	B42	136,0									
	B45	145,7									
EM EP	B50	158,0				210	160	210	175	175	140
	042	132,3	400	2200	1800	240	210	210	175	175	140
	045	142,4									
	050	158,5									
	052	164,8									
	062	196,7									
	066	213,3									
	072	227,1									

HF-0, HF2 = Antiwear Petroleum Base

HF-1 = Non Antiwear Petroleum Base

HF-5 = Synthetic Fluids

HF-3 = Water in oil Emulsions

HF-4 = Water Glycols

For further information or if the performance characteristics outlined above do not meet your own particular requirements, please consult your local Parker office.

PRIMING AT STARTING

At first, start operation of the pump shaft at the lowest speed and at the lowest pressure to obtain priming. When a pressure relief valve is used at the outlet, it should be backed off to minimize return pressure.

When possible, an air bleed off should be provided in the circuit to facilitate purging of system air.

Never operate pump shaft at top speed and pressure without checking for completion of pump priming, and the fluid has no aeration disaerated.

Model No.

T6D* - B45 - 1 R 00 - C 1

Series M = Mobile 1 shaft seal
Series P = Mobile 2 shaft seals

Cam ring

(Delivery at 0 bar & 1500 r.p.m.)

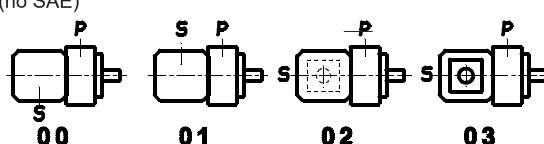
B14 = 71,4 l/min	B35 = 166,5 l/min
B17 = 87,3 l/min	B38 = 180,4 l/min
B20 = 99,0 l/min	B42 = 204,0 l/min
B24 = 119,3 l/min	B45 = 218,5 l/min
B28 = 134,5 l/min	B50 = 237,0 l/min
B31 = 147,4 l/min	

Type of shaft

M version Type of shaft

P version

- 1 = keyed (SAE C)
- 2 = keyed (no SAE)
- 3 = splined (SAE C)**
- 4 = splined (no SAE)
- T = splined (SAE J718c)



Modification

Seal class

1 = S1 (for mineral oil)

4 = S4 (for the resistant fluids)

5 = S5 (for mineral oil and fire resistant fluids)

Design letter

Porting combination

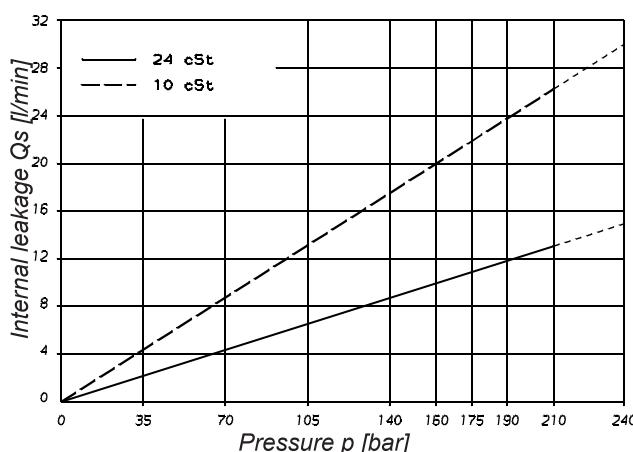
00 = standard

Direct. of rotation (view on shaft end)

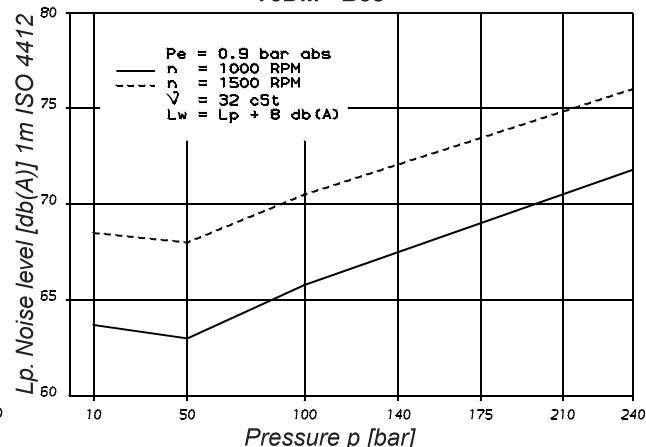
R = clockwise

L = counter-clockwise

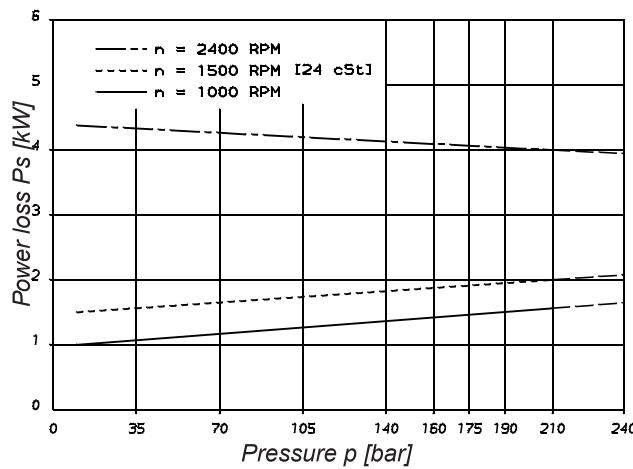
INTERNAL LEAKAGE (TYPICAL)



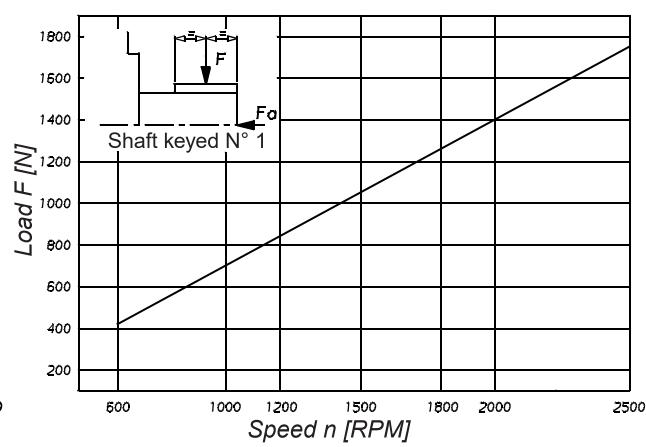
NOISE LEVEL (TYPICAL)
T6DM - B38



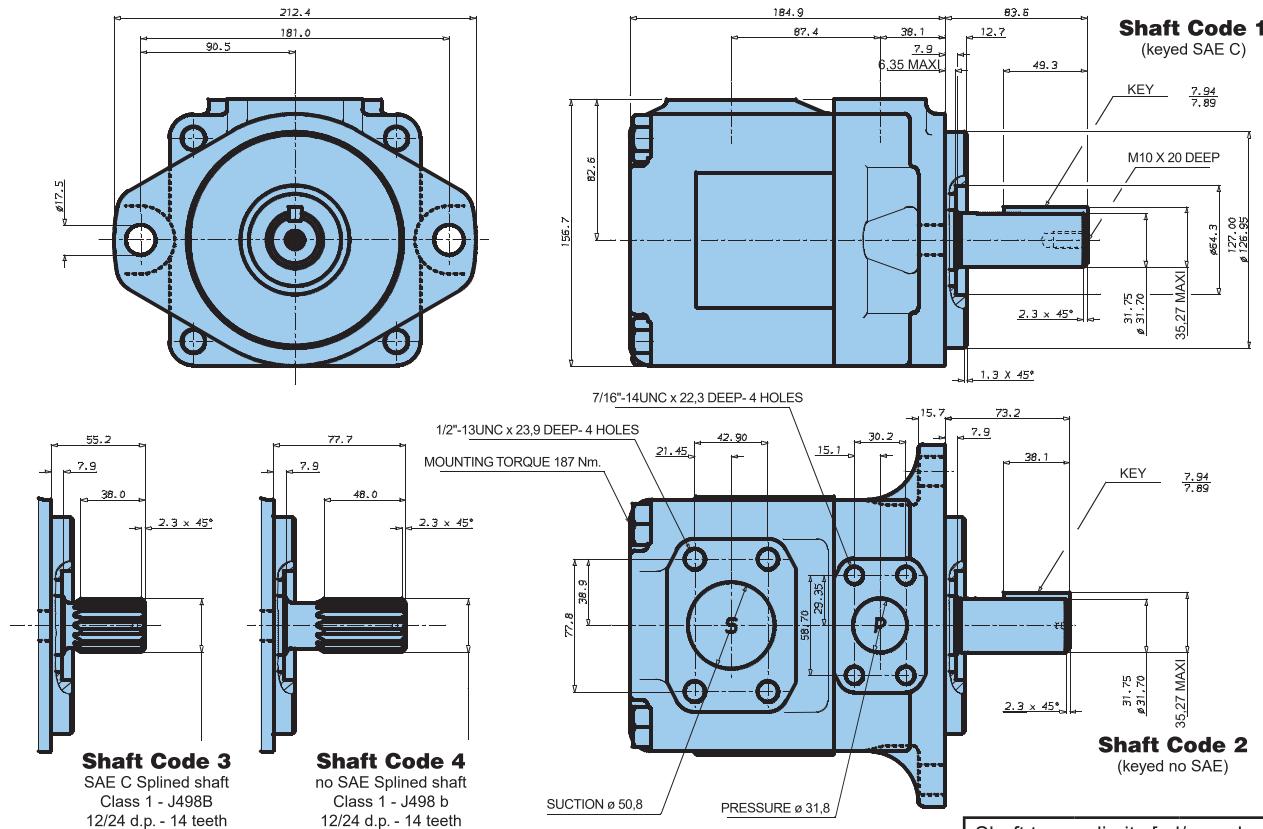
POWER LOSS HYDROMECHANICAL (TYPICAL)



PERMISSIBLE RADIAL LOAD



Maximum permissible axial load $F_a = 1200 \text{ N}$



Additional T6DM shaft code T: see page 33
Additional T6DP version shaft see page 33

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [24 cSt]

Series	Volumetric Displacement Vi	Speed n [R.P.M.]	Flow Q [l/min]			Input power P [kW]		
			p = 0 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar	p = 7 bar	p = 140 bar	p = 240 bar
B14	47.6 ml/rev	1000	47.6	38.3	32.1	1.5	12.5	20.7
		1500	71.4	62.1	55.9	2.3	18.5	30.6
B17	58.2 ml/rev	1000	58.2	48.9	42.7	1.6	14.9	24.9
		1500	87.3	78.0	71.8	2.5	22.2	37.0
B20	66.0 ml/rev	1000	66.0	56.7	50.5	1.7	16.8	28.0
		1500	99.0	89.7	83.5	2.8	24.9	41.7
B24	79.5 ml/rev	1000	79.5	70.2	64.0	1.9	19.9	33.4
		1500	119.3	110.0	103.8	3.0	29.6	49.8
B28	89.7 ml/rev	1000	89.7	80.4	74.2	2.0	22.3	37.5
		1500	134.5	125.2	119.0	3.2	33.2	55.9
B31	98.3 ml/rev	1000	98.3	89.0	82.8	2.1	24.3	40.9
		1500	147.4	138.1	131.9	3.3	36.2	61.0
B35	111.0 ml/rev	1000	111.0	101.7	95.5	2.3	27.3	46.0
		1500	166.5	157.2	151.0	3.5	40.7	68.7
B38	120.3 ml/rev	1000	120.3	111.0	104.8	2.4	29.4	49.8
		1500	180.4	171.1	164.9	3.7	43.9	74.3
B42 ¹⁾	136.0 ml/rev	1000	136.0	126.7	120.5	2.6	33.1	56.0
		1500	204.0	194.7	188.5	4.0	49.4	83.7
B45 ¹⁾	145.7 ml/rev	1000	145.7	136.4	130.2	2.7	35.3	59.9
		1500	218.5	209.2	203.0	4.1	52.8	89.5
B50 ¹⁾	158.0 ml/rev	1000	158.0	148.7	145.0 ²⁾	2.8	38.2	56.8 ²⁾
		1500	237.0	227.7	224.0 ²⁾	4.4	57.0	85.0 ²⁾

¹⁾ B42 - B45 - B50 = 2200 R.P.M. max.²⁾ B50 = 210 bar max. int.

Port connection can be furnished with metric threads.